

ANSWER KEY – 27 APRIL 2026

Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10
B	C	B	C	A	C	A	B	D	B
Q11	Q12	Q13	Q14	Q15	Q16	Q17	Q18	Q19	Q20
B	B	C	C	B	B	B	B	B	B
Q21	Q22	Q23	Q24	Q25	Q26	Q27	Q28	Q29	Q30
B	A	C	B	C	A	A	B	A	D
Q31	Q32	Q33	Q34	Q35	Q36	Q37	Q38	Q39	Q40
B	C	C	C	B	B	B	A	C	C
Q41	Q42	Q43	Q44	Q45	Q46	Q47	Q48	Q49	Q50
B	C	B	D	B	B	C	B	A	B

SECTION — ENGLISH LANGUAGE

Q1 B

Passage explicitly identifies the merger exemption as the central paradox.

Q2 C

Closing line questions Speaker's impartiality.

Q3 B

Circumvent = bypass/evade (Oxford).

Q4 C

Critical and reflective tone via 'paradox', 'mischief'.

Q5 A

90% rulings against the government would directly contradict bias claim.

Q6 C

India 'uniquely placed' due to creative talent/digital natives.

Q7 A

Sector accounts for ~3% of global GDP.

Q8 B

Sunrise sector = newly emerging, high growth.

Q9 D

Talent is strength, not gap.

Q10 B

Captures 'high potential + needs policy' theme.

SECTION — LEGAL REASONING

Q11 B

Lucid interval valid; Section 12 ICA.

Q12 B

No intent of permanent deprivation; mens rea missing.

Q13 C

Lalman Shukla v. Gauri Datt (1913).

Q14 C

Frolic of his own; Storey v. Ashton.

Q15 B

Subhash Kumar v. State of Bihar; Article 21.

Q16 B

Proportionate force, no time; Sections 96-100 IPC.

Q17 B

Section 27 ICA; restraint exceeds reasonable local limits.

Q18 B

Section 120A IPC: agreement itself is the offence.

Q19 B

Section 68 ICA; Mohori Bibee — claim against minor's property.

Q20 B

Duty + breach + foreseeable damage all met.

SECTION — LOGICAL REASONING

Q21 B

Breaks the analogy via missing public-transport substitute.

Q22 A

Correlation-causation fallacy; self-selection bias.

Q23 C

Statistician analysts are not poets, so some analysts are not poets.

Q24 B

Generalisation assumes other junctions are similar.

Q25 C

Order S-P-Q-T-R; S at left end.

Q26 A

Pattern +2,+3,+4,+5,+6,+7 → EDRIRL.

Q27 A

Low-tax jurisdictions seeing same rise refutes 'entirely taxation'.

Q28 B

A is sibling of D's parent → uncle.

Q29 A

Slippery-slope fallacy.

Q30 D

DPSP non-justiciable; A is contested policy claim.

SECTION — GENERAL KNOWLEDGE & CURRENT AFFAIRS

Q31 B

India-New Zealand FTA, 27 April 2026.

Q32 C

Tenth Schedule (52nd Amendment, 1985).

Q33 C

RBI cancelled Paytm Payments Bank licence, April 2026.

Q34 C

IAF Mehar Baba Competition-3 on drone-based radar.

Q35 B

Ashok Kumar Lahiri appointed Vice-Chair NITI Aayog.

Q36 B

Maharashtra Compressed Biogas (CBG) Policy 2026.

Q37 B

Target 12% by 2047 from current 6%.

Q38 A

Nitu Samra interim CEO, Noida International Airport (Jewar).

Q39 C

Nilgiri Tahr is State Animal of Tamil Nadu.

Q40 C

Article 44 — Uniform Civil Code (DPSP).

SECTION — QUANTITATIVE TECHNIQUES

Q41 B

$12 + 14 + 18 + 12 = 56$ lakh.

Q42 C

UP total 80 lakh, highest.

Q43 B

$14/50 = 28\%$.

Q44 D

20:18 = 10:9; both A and C correct.

Q45 B

$24 \times 1.25 = 30$ lakh.

Q46 B

$T = 4800 / (120 \times 8) = 5$ yr.

Q47 C

$500/25 = 20$ m/s = 72 km/h.

Q48 B

$126 - 90 = 36$.

Q49 A

SP = 105 on CP 100 → 5%.

Q50 B

20% of total = 2,400 → 12,000.
